

§ 84501. Advertisement.

(a) "Advertisement" means any general or public advertisement which is authorized and paid for by a person or committee for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate for elective office or a ballot measure or ballot measures.

(b) "Advertisement" does not include a communication from an organization other than a political party to its members, a campaign button smaller than 10 inches in diameter, a bumper sticker smaller than 60 square inches, or other advertisement as determined by regulations of the Commission.

History: Added by Proposition 208 of the November 1996 Statewide General Election.

§ 84502. Cumulative Contributions.

"Cumulative contributions" means the cumulative contributions to a committee beginning the first day the statement of organization is filed under Section 84101 and ending within seven days of the time the advertisement is sent to the printer or broadcast station.

History: Added by Proposition 208 of the November 1996 Statewide General Election.

§ 84503.

(a) Any advertisement for or against any ballot measure shall include a disclosure statement identifying any person whose cumulative contributions are fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more.

(b) If there are more than two donors of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more, the committee is only required to disclose the highest and second highest in that order. In the event that more than two donors meet this disclosure threshold at identical contribution levels, the highest and second highest shall be selected according to chronological sequence.

History: Added by Proposition 208 of the November 1996 Statewide General Election; ruled unconstitutional as applied to slate mailers (*California ProLife Council Political Action Committee et al. v. Scully et al.*).

§ 84504. Identification of Committee.

(a) Any committee that supports or opposes one or more ballot measures shall name and identify itself using a name or phrase that clearly identifies the economic or other special interest of its major donors of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more in any reference to the committee required by law, including, but not limited, to its statement of organization filed pursuant to Section 84101.

(b) If the major donors of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more share a common employer, the identity of the employer shall also be disclosed.

(c) Any committee which supports or opposes a ballot measure, shall print or broadcast its name as provided in this section as part of any advertisement or other paid public statement.

(d) If candidates or their controlled committees, as a group or individually, meet the contribution thresholds for a person, they shall be identified by the controlling candidate's name.

History: Added by Proposition 208 of the November 1996 Statewide General Election.

§ 84505. Avoidance of Disclosure.

In addition to the requirements of Sections 84503, 84504, and 84506, the committee placing the advertisement or persons acting in concert with that committee shall be prohibited from creating or using a noncandidate controlled committee or a nonsponsored committee to avoid, or that results in the avoidance of, the disclosure of any individual, industry, business entity, controlled committee, or sponsored committee as a major funding source.

History: Added by Proposition 208 of the November 1996 Statewide General Election.

§ 84506. Independent Expenditures; Advertisements.

If the expenditure for a broadcast or mass mailing advertisement that expressly advocates the election or defeat of any candidate or any ballot measure is an independent expenditure, the committee, consistent with any disclosures required by Sections 84503 and 84504, shall include on the advertisement the names of the two persons making the largest contributions to the committee making the independent expenditure. If an acronym is used to specify any committee names required by this section, the names of any sponsoring organization of the committee shall be printed on print advertisements or spoken in broadcast advertisements. For the purposes of determining the two contributors to be disclosed, the contributions of each person to the committee making the independent expenditure during the one-year period before the election shall be aggregated.

History: Added by Proposition 208 of the November 1996 Statewide General Election.

§ 84507. Printed Statement or Broadcast Communication.

Any disclosure statement required by this article shall be printed clearly and legibly in no less than 10-point type and in a conspicuous manner as defined by the Commission or, if the communication is broadcast, the information shall be spoken so as to be clearly audible and understood by the intended public and otherwise appropriately conveyed for the hearing impaired.

History: Added by Proposition 208 of the November 1996 Statewide General Election.

§ 84508. Disclosure of One Funding Source on Any Advertisement.

If disclosure of two major donors is required by Sections 84503 and 84506, the committee shall be required to disclose, in addition to the committee name, only its highest major contributor in any advertisement which is:

- (a) An electronic broadcast of 15 seconds or less, or
- (b) A newspaper, magazine, or other public print media advertisement which is 20 square inches or less.

History: Added by Proposition 208 of the November 1996 Statewide General Election.

§ 84509. Amended Statements.

When a committee files an amended campaign statement pursuant to Section 81004.5, the committee shall change its advertisements to reflect the changed disclosure information.

History: Added by Proposition 208 of the November 1996 Statewide General Election.

§ 84510. Remedies for Article Violations; Civil Action; Fines.

(a) In addition to the remedies provided for in Chapter 11 (commencing with Section 91000) of this title, any person who violates this article is liable in a civil or administrative action brought by the Commission or any person for a fine up to three times the cost of the advertisement, including placement costs.

(b) The remedies provided in subdivision (a) shall also apply to any person who purposely causes any other person to violate any provision of this article or who aids and abets any other person in a violation.

(c) If a judgment is entered against the defendant or defendants in an action brought under this section, the plaintiff shall receive 50 percent of the amount recovered. The remaining 50 percent shall be deposited in the General Fund of the state. In an action brought by a local civil prosecutor, 50 percent shall be deposited in the account of the agency bringing the action and 50 percent shall be paid to the General Fund of the state.

History: Added by Proposition 208 of the November 1996 Statewide General Election.

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